



**Oak Meadow**  
K-12 CURRICULUM & DISTANCE LEARNING

## Grade 2

### COMMON CORE ALIGNMENT OVERVIEW

This document is intended for schools and individuals who use Oak Meadow curriculum and want to comply with Common Core Standards.

## Grade 2—ELA Standards

Oak Meadow’s second grade language arts curriculum introduces independent reading skills but does not emphasize all of these standards until grades 3. Our approach focuses on listening skills and supported reading acquisition with an adult. Most students will be able to satisfy these standards with adult support.

### **CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.5**

Know and use various text features (e.g., captions, bold print, subheadings, glossaries, indexes, electronic menus, icons) to locate key facts or information in a text efficiently.

### **CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.RI.2.10**

By the end of year, read and comprehend informational texts, including history/social studies, science, and technical texts, in the grades 2-3 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range.

### **CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.1**

Write opinion pieces: introduce the topic or book, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., *because*, *and*, *also*) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.

### **CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.2**

Write informative/explanatory texts: introduce a topic, use facts and definitions to develop points, and provide a concluding statement or section.

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.W.2.6**

With guidance and support from adults, use a variety of digital tools to produce and publish writing, including in collaboration with peers.

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.1.F**

Produce, expand, and rearrange complete simple and compound sentences (e.g., *The boy watched the movie; The little boy watched the movie; The action movie was watched by the little boy*).

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.2**

Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English capitalization, punctuation, and spelling when writing.

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.2.C**

Use an apostrophe to form contractions and frequently occurring possessives.

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.4.B**

Determine the meaning of the new word formed when a known prefix is added to a known word (e.g., *happy/unhappy, tell/retell*).

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.L.2.4.C**

Use a known root word as a clue to the meaning of an unknown word with the same root (e.g., *addition, additional*).

**CCSS.ELA-LITERACY.SL.2.1**

Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

## Grade 2—Math Standards

The following Common Core standards are not addressed in Grade 2 Math.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.A.1**

Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.A.2**

Measure the length of an object twice, using length units of different lengths for the two measurements; describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the unit chosen.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.A.3**

Estimate lengths using units of inches, feet, centimeters, and meters.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.A.4**

Measure to determine how much longer one object is than another, expressing the length difference in terms of a standard length unit.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.B.5**

Use addition and subtraction within 100 to solve word problems involving lengths that are given in the same units, e.g., by using drawings (such as drawings of rulers) and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.B.6**

Represent whole numbers as lengths from 0 on a number line diagram with equally spaced points corresponding to the numbers 0, 1, 2, ..., and represent whole-number sums and differences within 100 on a number line diagram.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.C.7**

Tell and write time from analog and digital clocks to the nearest five minutes, using a.m. and p.m.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.C.8**

Solve word problems involving dollar bills, quarters, dimes, nickels, and pennies, using \$ and ¢ symbols appropriately. Example: If you have 2 dimes and 3 pennies, how many cents do you have?

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.D.9**

Generate measurement data by measuring lengths of several objects to the nearest whole unit, or by making repeated measurements of the same object. Show the measurements by making a line plot, where the horizontal scale is marked off in whole-number units.

**CCSS.MATH.CONTENT.2.MD.D.10**

Draw a picture graph and a bar graph (with single-unit scale) to represent a data set with up to four categories. Solve simple put-together, take-apart, and compare problems using information presented in a bar graph.

